

Certified Equational Reasoning via Ordered Completion

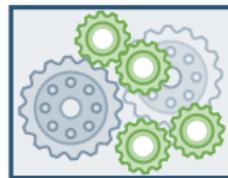
Christian Sternagel and Sarah Winkler

27th International Conference on Automated Deduction
28 August 2019, Natal

Motivation

Automated Reasoning Systems

- ▶ sophisticated pieces of software

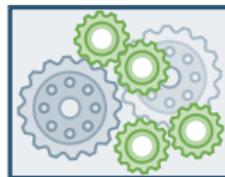


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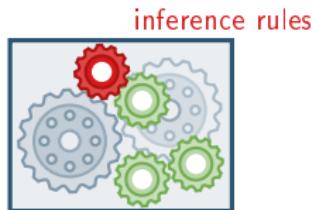


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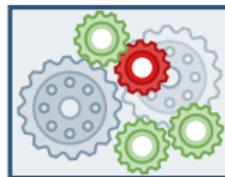


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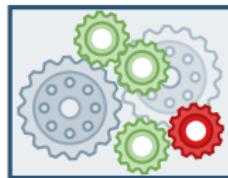
heuristics

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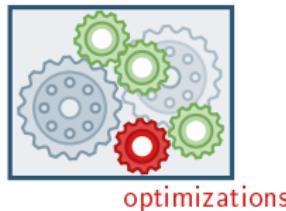
term indexing

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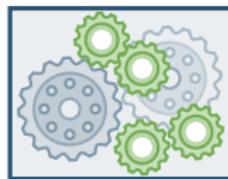


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Automated Reasoning Systems

- ▶ sophisticated pieces of software
- ▶ producing complex derivations: **trustworthy?**

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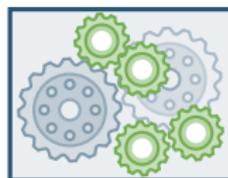
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Ordered Completion

Input: set of input equalities \mathcal{E}_0

Output: ground complete TRS $\mathcal{E}^> \cup \mathcal{R}$

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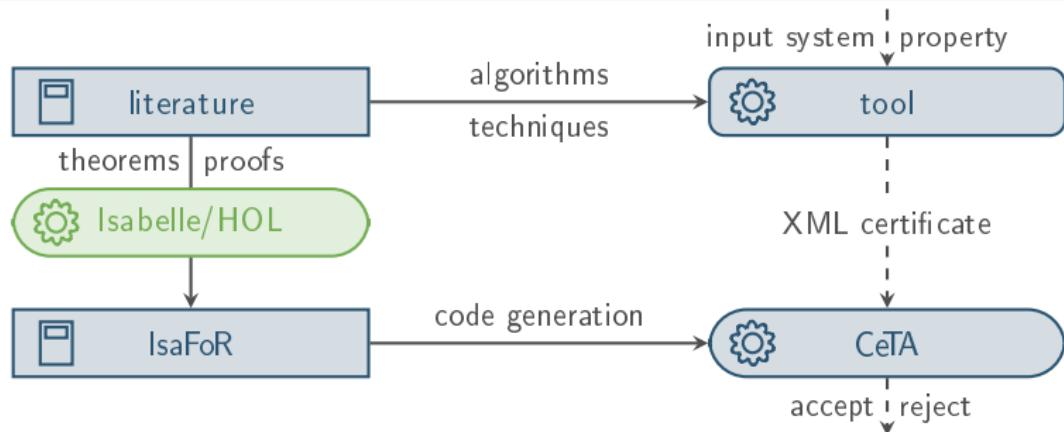
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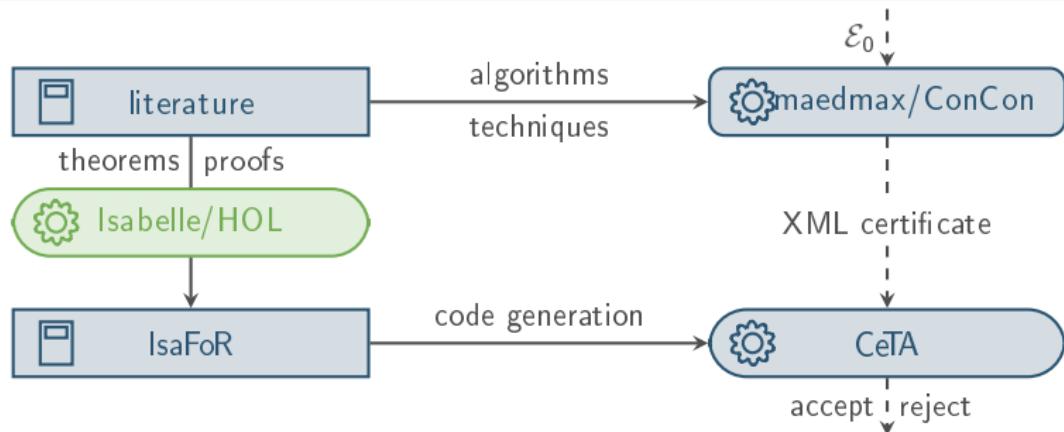
Applications

- ▶ decide ground equational theory
- ▶ used by confluence tool ConCon to decide infeasibility of CPs

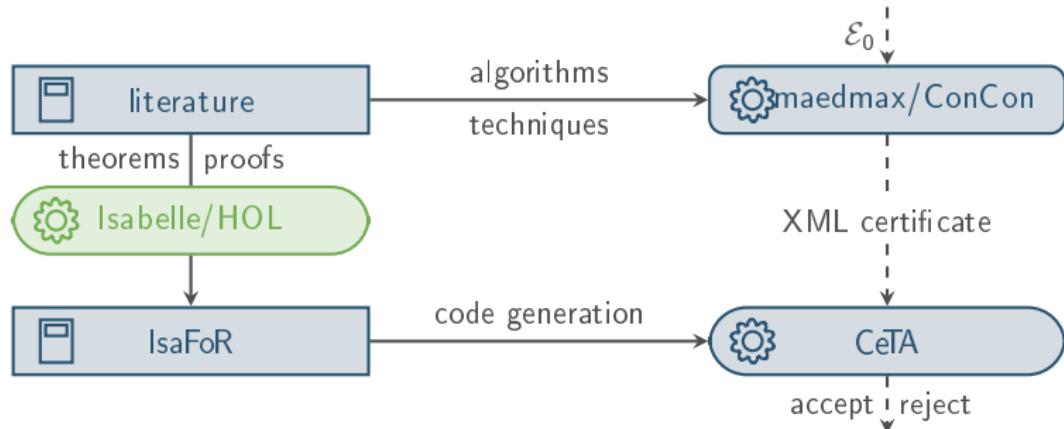
The IsaFoR/CeTA Framework



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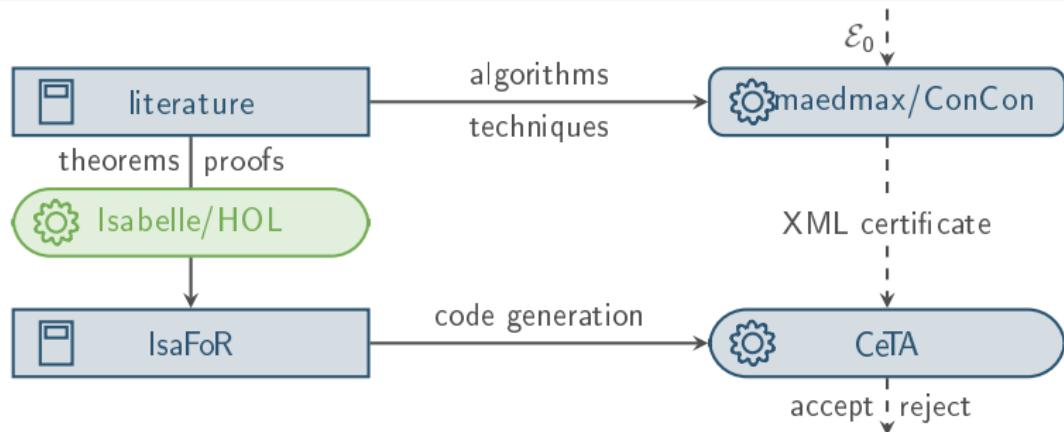
The IsaFoR/CeTA Framework



Contributions

- ▶ extend formal library **IsaFoR** with
 - ▶ finite ordered completion runs
 - ▶ ground joinability criteria

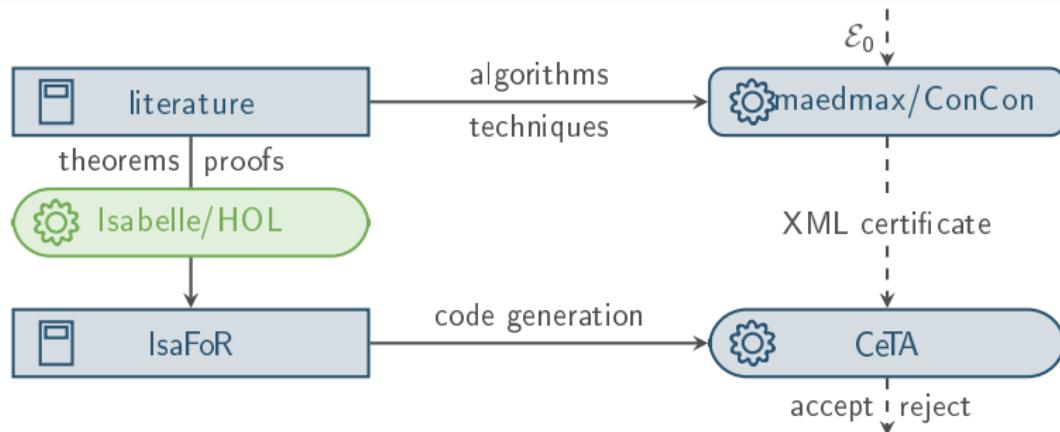
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- ▶ extend formal library IsaFoR with
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- ▶ add proof checks to certifier CeTA for
 - ▶ ordered completion runs
 - ▶ satisfiability (TPTP) proofs in equational logic
 - ▶ infeasibility of conditional critical pairs

The IsaFoR/CeTA Framework



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- ▶ extend formal library IsaFoR with
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- ▶ add proof checks to certifier CeTA for
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 - ▶ satisfiability (TPTP) proofs in equational logic
 - ▶ infeasibility of conditional critical pairs
- ▶ respective **output** in equational theorem prover MædMax and ConCon

Outline

Preliminaries

Ordered Completion

Ground Joinability Criteria

Proof Checking

Conclusion

Definition

term rewrite system \mathcal{R} is

- ▶ **terminating** if $\nexists t_1 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_2 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} t_3 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \dots$

Definition

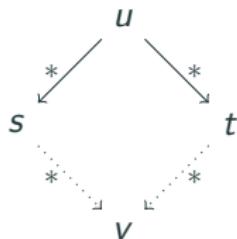
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- ▶ **ground confluent** if for all ground terms s, t, u such that $s \xrightarrow{*_{\mathcal{R}}} u \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}^* t$ there is some v such that $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}}^* v \xleftarrow{*_{\mathcal{R}}} t$

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- ▶ **ground complete** if terminating and ground confluent

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Definition (Ordered Rewriting)

$$\mathcal{E}_> = \{s\sigma \rightarrow t\sigma \mid s \approx t \in \mathcal{E}^\pm \text{ and } s\sigma > t\sigma\}$$

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Definition (oKB)

for equations \mathcal{E} , rules \mathcal{R} , reduction order $>$ have six inference rules:

Ordered Completion

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deduce
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{ s \approx t \}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $s \mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E} \leftrightarrow \cdot \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} t$

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if $s > t$

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if $s > t$

delete
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ \textcolor{orange}{s} \approx s \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$$

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orient	$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ s \approx t \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{ s \rightarrow t \}}$ $\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ t \approx s \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{ s \rightarrow t \}}$ if $s > t$		
delete	$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ s \approx s \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$		

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orient
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$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ t \approx s \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{ s \rightarrow t \}}$$

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ordered rewriting

delete
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if $s > t$

simplify
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ s \approx t \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{ u \approx t \}, \mathcal{R}}$$

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if $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

delete
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{ s \approx s \}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$$

collapse
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orient
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx t\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{t \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

if $s > t$

simplify
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx t\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{u\pi \approx t\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{t \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{t\pi \approx u\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

delete
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx s\}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$$



L. Bachmair, N. Dershowitz, and D. Plaisted.
Completion Without Failure.
In *Resolution of Equations in Algebraic Structures*, 1989.

if $t \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

Relaxations

- ▶ allow variants for renaming π

Ordered Completion

Definition (oKB)

for equations \mathcal{E} , rules \mathcal{R} , reduction order $>$ have six inference rules:

deduce
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{s\pi \approx t\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} \cdot \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} t$

compose
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \uplus \{s \rightarrow t\}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow u\pi\}}$$

if $t \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

orient
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx t\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{t \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

if $s > t$

simplify
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx t\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{u\pi \approx t\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{t \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{t\pi \approx u\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

delete
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$$

collapse
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \uplus \{t \rightarrow s\}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{u\pi \approx s\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $t \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

Relaxations

- ▶ allow variants for renaming π
- ▶ no encompassment condition

Ordered Completion

Definition (oKB)

for equations \mathcal{E} , rules \mathcal{R} , reduction order $>$ have six inference rules:

deduce
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{s\pi \approx t\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} \cdot \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} t$

compose
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \uplus \{s \rightarrow t\}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow u\pi\}}$$

if $t \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

orient
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx t\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{t \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \cup \{s\pi \rightarrow t\pi\}}$$

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if $s \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

delete
$$\frac{\mathcal{E} \uplus \{s \approx s\}, \mathcal{R}}{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}}$$

collapse
$$\frac{\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R} \uplus \{t \rightarrow s\}}{\mathcal{E} \cup \{u\pi \approx s\pi\}, \mathcal{R}}$$

if $t \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}} u$

Notation

write $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}) \vdash_{\text{oKB}} (\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R}')$ if there is oKB step from $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R})$ to $(\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R}')$

Example (Ordered Completion)

\mathcal{E} :

$$x - 0 \approx x$$

\mathcal{R} :

$$s(x) - s(y) \approx x - y$$

$$0 - y \approx 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \approx x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \approx \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \approx x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \approx \text{true}$$

Remark

generated by conditional confluence tool **ConCon** from Cops #361:

ground complete system used to show infeasibility of critical pairs

Example (Ordered Completion)

\mathcal{E} :

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\mathcal{R} :

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

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$\mathcal{R} :$

- fix some KBO (...)

- orient $x - 0 >_{\text{kbo}} x$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \approx x - y$$

$$0 - y \approx 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \approx x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

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- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

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$$0 \preccurlyeq x \approx \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $s(x) - s(y) >_{\text{kbo}} x - y$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$\mathcal{R} : \quad x - 0 \rightarrow x$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \approx 0$$

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- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $0 - y >_{\text{kbo}} 0$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\mathcal{R} : \quad x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

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- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

\mathcal{E} :

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathcal{R} : & x - 0 \rightarrow x \\ & s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y \\ & 0 - y \rightarrow 0 \end{array}$$

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- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $s(x) \succ s(y) >_{\text{kbo}} x \succ y$

Example (Ordered Completion)

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$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \approx x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \approx \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ simplify $x \div y \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}^>} \langle 0, y \rangle$ (no encompassment!)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\mathcal{R} : \quad x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \approx \text{true}$$

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- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

\mathcal{E} :

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mathcal{R} : & \\ & x - 0 \rightarrow x \\ & s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y \\ & 0 - y \rightarrow 0 \\ & s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y \end{array}$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

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- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $s(x) \succ 0 >_{\text{kbo}} \text{true}$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

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- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\begin{array}{ll}\mathcal{R} : & x - 0 \rightarrow x \\ & s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y \\ & 0 - y \rightarrow 0 \\ & s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y \\ \\ & x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ & \langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle \\ & s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}\end{array}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \approx x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \approx \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) >_{\text{kbo}} x \preccurlyeq y$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\mathcal{R} : \quad x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

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$$0 \preccurlyeq x \approx \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $0 \preccurlyeq x >_{\text{kbo}} \text{true}$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\mathcal{R} : \quad x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

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Example (Ordered Completion)

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$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ deduce $\langle 0, x \rangle \leftarrow \langle s(u), v \rangle \rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ deduce $\langle s(x), y \rangle \leftarrow \langle 0, u \rangle \rightarrow \langle s(q), r \rangle$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle s(x), y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y\end{aligned}$$

$$x \div y \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $x \div y >_{\text{kbo}} \langle 0, y \rangle$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}s(x) \succ 0 &\rightarrow \text{true} \\ s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) &\rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y \\ 0 \preccurlyeq x &\rightarrow \text{true}\end{aligned}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}s(x) \succ 0 &\rightarrow \text{true} \\ s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) &\rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y \\ 0 \preccurlyeq x &\rightarrow \text{true}\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ deduce $s(s(x)) \succ s(0) \leftarrow s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle s(x), y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(s(x)) \succ s(0) \approx \text{true}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

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$$x \div y \rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle s(x), y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(s(x)) \succ s(0) \approx \text{true}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

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$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ orient $s(s(x)) \succ s(0) >_{\text{kbo}} \text{true}$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}s(s(x)) \succ s(0) &\rightarrow \text{true} \\ s(x) \succ 0 &\rightarrow \text{true} \\ s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) &\rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y \\ 0 \preccurlyeq x &\rightarrow \text{true}\end{aligned}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(s(x)) \succ s(0) \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ collapse $s(s(x)) \succ s(0) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} s(x) \succ 0$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle s(x), y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \approx \text{true}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\langle s(x), y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \approx \text{true}$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$x - 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$s(x) - s(y) \rightarrow x - y$$

$$0 - y \rightarrow 0$$

$$s(x) \succ s(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$x \div y \rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ simplify $s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow_{\mathcal{R}} \text{true}$

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

`true` \approx `true`

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

$\mathcal{R}:$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

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true \approx **true**

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle s(q), r \rangle$$

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$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$$s(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$\begin{aligned}s(x) \preccurlyeq s(y) &\rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y \\ 0 \preccurlyeq x &\rightarrow \text{true}\end{aligned}$$

- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ delete **true** \approx **true**

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E}:$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

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- fix some KBO (...)

Example (Ordered Completion)

$\mathcal{E} :$

$$\begin{aligned}\langle 0, x \rangle &\approx \langle 0, y \rangle \\ \langle s(x), y \rangle &\approx \langle s(q), r \rangle\end{aligned}$$

$\mathcal{R} :$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 0 &\rightarrow x \\ s(x) - s(y) &\rightarrow x - y \\ 0 - y &\rightarrow 0 \\ s(x) \succ s(y) &\rightarrow x \succ y \\ x \div y &\rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle\end{aligned}$$

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- ▶ fix some KBO (...)
- ▶ oKB run produced **ground complete** system

Formalization in IsaFoR

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```

Really, it's ground complete!



Formalization in IsaFoR



Lemma

If $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}) \vdash_{\text{oKB}}^* (\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R}')$ and $\mathcal{R} \subseteq >$ then $\mathcal{R}' \subseteq >$.

We stick to the order ...



Formalization in IsaFoR



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Lemma

If $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R}) \vdash_{\text{oKB}}^* (\mathcal{E}', \mathcal{R}')$ then $\leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E} \cup \mathcal{R}}^* = \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E}' \cup \mathcal{R}'}^*$.

... don't change the equational theory ...



Formalization in IsaFoR



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Lemma

If $\forall s \approx t \in \text{CP}_>(\mathcal{E})$ have $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}>}^g t$ then $\mathcal{E}>$ is ground complete.

... and check ground-joinability of critical pairs, see?



Formalization in IsaFoR



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Lemma

If $>$ is total precedence then $>_{\text{ipo}}$ and $>_{\text{kbo}}$ are **total on ground terms**.

Our favorite orders are ground total.



Formalization in IsaFoR



Theorem (Correctness)

Suppose $(\mathcal{E}_0, \emptyset) \vdash_{\text{oKB}}^* (\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R})$

- ▶ using LPO or KBO as ground-total reduction order $>$, and
- ▶ $\forall s \approx t \in \text{CP}_{>}(\mathcal{E} \cup \mathcal{R})$ have $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}}^g t$

Then $\leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E}_0}^* = \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}}^*$ and $\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}^>$ is ground complete.

So, altogether our procedure is correct!



Formalization in IsaFoR

CERTIFIED 

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Formalization in IsaFoR

CERTIFIED 



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So, altogether our procedure is correct!

Ok, alright ...

... but you need to find ground joinability criteria



Outline

Preliminaries

Ordered Completion

Ground Joinability Criteria

Proof Checking

Conclusion



Lemma (Criterion 1)

relationship $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>}^g t$ holds if

- ▶ $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} t$, or
- ▶ $s \approx t$ is instance of equation in \mathcal{E}^\pm



Lemma (Criterion 1)

relationship $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>}^g t$ holds if

- $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} t$, or
- $s \approx t$ is instance of equation in \mathcal{E}^\pm

Example

for \mathcal{R} and \mathcal{E} derived by ConCon from Cops 361:

$$-x \cdot 0 \rightarrow x$$

$$-0 \cdot x \rightarrow 0$$

$$-\mathbf{s}(x) \cdot \mathbf{s}(y) \rightarrow -x \cdot y$$

$$0 \preccurlyeq x \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$\mathbf{s}(x) \preccurlyeq \mathbf{s}(y) \rightarrow x \preccurlyeq y$$

$$x \div y \rightarrow \langle 0, y \rangle$$

$$\mathbf{s}(x) \succ 0 \rightarrow \text{true}$$

$$\mathbf{s}(x) \succ \mathbf{s}(y) \rightarrow x \succ y$$

$$\langle \mathbf{s}(x), y \rangle \approx \langle \mathbf{s}(q), r \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \approx \langle \mathbf{s}(q), r \rangle$$

$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$



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$$\langle 0, x \rangle \approx \langle 0, y \rangle$$

ground confluence can be established by Criterion 1:

- critical overlap between first two equations:

$$\langle 0, y \rangle \leftarrow \langle \mathbf{s}(q), r \rangle \rightarrow \langle \mathbf{s}(x), y \rangle$$

- critical overlap between first two rules:

$$0 \leftarrow -0 \cdot 0 \rightarrow 0$$

Example (AC)

set of equations \mathcal{E} :

$$(x \cdot y) \cdot z \approx x \cdot (y \cdot z) \quad x \cdot y \approx y \cdot x \quad x \cdot (y \cdot z) \approx y \cdot (x \cdot z)$$

Example (AC)

set of equations \mathcal{E} :

$$(x \cdot y) \cdot z \approx x \cdot (y \cdot z) \quad x \cdot y \approx y \cdot x \quad x \cdot (y \cdot z) \approx y \cdot (x \cdot z)$$

gives rise to extended overlap

$$s = z \cdot (x \cdot y) \leftarrow (x \cdot y) \cdot z \rightarrow x \cdot (y \cdot z) = t$$

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Observation

for any grounding substitution σ terms $x\sigma$, $y\sigma$, and $z\sigma$ are totally ordered

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 - ▶ if $>$ is “extended” by $x\sigma > z\sigma > y\sigma$ then joining sequence exists:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 z\sigma \cdot \underline{(x\sigma \cdot y\sigma)} & & x\sigma \cdot \underline{(y\sigma \cdot z\sigma)} \\
 \searrow & \nearrow & \leftarrow \swarrow \\
 \underline{z\sigma \cdot (y\sigma \cdot x\sigma)} & & \underline{y\sigma \cdot (x\sigma \cdot z\sigma)} \\
 & \searrow & \swarrow \\
 & y\sigma \cdot (z\sigma \cdot x\sigma) &
 \end{array}$$

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- ▶ if $>$ is “extended” by $x\sigma > z\sigma > y\sigma$ then joining sequence exists:

$$\begin{array}{c} z\sigma \cdot (x\sigma \cdot y\sigma) \\ \searrow \qquad \swarrow \\ z\sigma \cdot (y\sigma \cdot x\sigma) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} y\sigma \cdot (x\sigma \cdot z\sigma) \leftarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad x\sigma \cdot (y\sigma \cdot z\sigma) \\ \swarrow \qquad \searrow \\ y\sigma \cdot (z\sigma \cdot x\sigma) \leftarrow \end{array}$$

- ▶ can verify $s\sigma \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} t\sigma$ for all 13 orderings of $x\sigma, y\sigma, z\sigma$

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set of equations \mathcal{E} :

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- ▶ can verify $s\sigma \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} t\sigma$ for all 13 orderings of $x\sigma, y\sigma, z\sigma$
- ▶ repeat this check for all CPs: $\mathcal{E}_>$ is ground complete

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for any grounding substitution σ terms $x\sigma, y\sigma$, and $z\sigma$ are totally ordered

Example (AC)

set of equations \mathcal{E} :

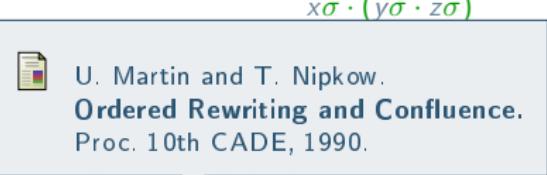
$$(x \cdot y) \cdot z \approx x \cdot (y \cdot z) \quad x \cdot y \approx y \cdot x \quad x \cdot (y \cdot z) \approx y \cdot (x \cdot z)$$

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Definition (Joinable wrt Closure)

write $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}}^C t$ if \forall equivalence relations \equiv on $\text{Var}(s, t)$ \forall order \succ on \equiv

$$\hat{\equiv}(s) \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_{C(\succ)}]{} \cdot \xleftarrow[\mathcal{E}_{C(\succ)}]{} \hat{\equiv}(t)$$

Definition

inductively defined **ground joinability predicate** $\text{gj}(\cdot, \cdot)$

delete		$\text{gj}(t, t)$
closure	$s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}}^{\mathcal{C}} t$	$\implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
step	$s \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{E}} t$	$\implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
rewrite left	$s \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u$ and $\text{gj}(u, t) \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$	
rewrite right	$t \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u$ and $\text{gj}(s, u) \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$	
congruence	$\text{gj}(s_i, t_i)$ for all $1 \leq i \leq n$	$\implies \text{gj}(f(\bar{s}), f(\bar{t}))$

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Lemma (Criterion 2)

$\text{gj}(s, t)$ implies $s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>}^g t$

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step	$s \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{E}} t \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
rewrite left	$s \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u \text{ and } \text{gj}(u, t) \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
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gain flexibility/efficiency
over Martin & Nipkow criterion



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step	$s \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{E}} t \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
rewrite left	$s \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u \text{ and } \text{gj}(u, t) \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
rewrite right	$t \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u \text{ and } \text{gj}(s, u) \implies \text{gj}(s, t)$
congruence	$\text{gj}(s_i, t_i) \text{ for all } 1 \leq i \leq n \implies \text{gj}(f(\bar{s}), f(\bar{t}))$

Example

for set of equations \mathcal{E} :

$$f(x) \approx f(y)$$

$$g(x, y) \approx f(x)$$

Definition

inductively defined ground joinability predicate $\text{gj}(\cdot, \cdot)$

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closure	$s \downarrow_{\mathcal{E}}^{\mathcal{C}} t$	$\Rightarrow \text{gj}(s, t)$
step	$s \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{E}} t$	$\Rightarrow \text{gj}(s, t)$
rewrite left	$s \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u$ and $\text{gj}(u, t) \Rightarrow \text{gj}(s, t)$	
rewrite right	$t \xrightarrow[\mathcal{E}_>]{} u$ and $\text{gj}(s, u) \Rightarrow \text{gj}(s, t)$	
congruence	$\text{gj}(s_i, t_i)$ for all $1 \leq i \leq n$	$\Rightarrow \text{gj}(f(\bar{s}), f(\bar{t}))$

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for set of equations \mathcal{E} :

$$f(x) \approx f(y)$$

$$g(x, y) \approx f(x)$$

can show $g(x, y) \downarrow_{\mathcal{R}}^g g(z, w)$:

$$\frac{f(x) \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E}} f(z)}{\text{step}} \text{gj}(f(x), f(z)) \xrightarrow[\text{rewrite left}]{g(x, y) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} f(x)} \text{gj}(g(x, y), f(z)) \xrightarrow[\text{rewrite right}]{g(z, w) \rightarrow_{\mathcal{E}_>} f(z)} \text{gj}(g(x, y), g(z, w)))$$

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Example

for set of equations \mathcal{E}

$f(x) \leftarrow_{\mathcal{E}} f(z)$ MN90 approach would need to
check 81 relations

can show $\text{gj}(x, y) \downarrow_{\mathcal{R}}^{\mathbf{g}} \text{gj}(z, w)$:

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Outline

Preliminaries

Ordered Completion

Ground Joinability Criteria

Proof Checking

Conclusion

Ordered Completion

Certificate Components

- ▶ initial equations \mathcal{E}_0
- ▶ reduction order $>$
- ▶ resulting system $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R})$
- ▶ oKB steps from \mathcal{E}_0 to $(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R})$

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Checks Done in CeTA

- 1 valid run $(\mathcal{E}_0\pi, \emptyset) \vdash_{\text{oKB}}^* (\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{R})$, termination of \mathcal{R} , $\leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{E}_0}^* = \leftrightarrow_{\mathcal{R} \cup \mathcal{E}}^*$
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- 3 ground-totality and admissibility of $>$

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Certified Ordered Completion Proofs

- ▶  94% of MædMax oKB proofs with KBO (58% of all oKB proofs)
- ▶ missing: LPO + trick to ignore CPs with ground joinable equations

Equational Satisfiability

Certificate Components

- ▶ initial equations \mathcal{E}_0
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Certified Satisfiability Proofs

- ▶  100% of MædMax proofs with KBO (79% of all proofs)
- ▶ missing: LPO

Infeasibility

Certificate Components

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- ▶ ...

Checks Done in CeTA

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Certified Conditional Confluence Proofs

- ▶ previously: 112 ConCon proofs, 109 certified
- ▶ with infeasibility checks using MædMax: 114 proofs, 111 certified

Conclusion

Summary

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 - ▶ equational satisfiability
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Future Work

- ▶ support other orders
- ▶ support equational disproofs with narrowing
- ▶ certify more TPTP proofs (Instgen-Eq?)